“State of peace and security in Africa”

1. Considering that peace and security are global problems requiring global solutions, on the one hand; and that conflicts have multiple causes, international entities and nations are requested to prioritize the multidimensional treatment of conflicts in Africa, also taking into account the issue of wealth creation and the socio-economic development of countries;

2. Considering that unemployment and lack of employment for young people can be sources of conflict, we call upon governments, with UNESCO’s support, to strengthen education and training for the employability of young people; and to prioritize peace education, particularly by focusing on women's capacity-building, higher education and teacher training;

3. We request that human rights issues are integrated into a comprehensive peace programme in Africa within the AU framework, also working with different institutions;
4. We recommend that research and reflection on African epistemology and grammar on the culture of peace within the framework of Aspiration 5 of Agenda 2063 is strengthened and in accordance with the African Charter on Cultural Renaissance;

5. We propose that the "Annual Report on the State of Peace and Security in Africa" of the Institute for Peace and Security Studies (IPSS) of Addis Ababa University (Ethiopia) becomes part of the future editions of the "Biennale of Luanda - Pan-African Forum for the Culture of Peace", to show trends in the state of peace in Africa;

6. Request UNESCO to be associated with the celebration, in 2022, of the centenary of the birth of President Agostinho Neto, who, through his artistic work, promoted the liberation of his country and the unity of the Angolan people.